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A benzamidoxime derivative of the formula I

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where:

- A is an aryl or hetaryl radical from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl and thienyl;
- Y is a straight-chain or branched  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylene group, where one carbon can be replaced by oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur or by a cyclopropyl group;
  - $R_n^1$  are one to five identical or different radicals from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxyalkoxy;
  - R<sup>2</sup> is phenyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, which may carry one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy on the phenyl ring, or
- is thienyl- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, which may carry one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy on the thienyl ring, or
- is pyrazolyl- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, which may carry one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy on the pyrazole ring,
- $R_p^3$  are one to five identical or different radicals from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -

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alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxyalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl;

- n is 0-5;
- p is, depending on the number of free valencies, 0-4.
  - A benzamidoxime of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where A is phenyl.
- 3. A benzamidoxime of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where A is pyridyl.
  - 4. A benzamidoxime of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where Y is a carbon.
- 5. A benzamidoxime of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where R<sub>n</sub><sup>1</sup> are one to five identical or different radicals from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxyalkoxy.
  - 6. A benzamidoxime of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where
- R<sup>2</sup> is phenyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, which may carry one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy on the phenyl ring, or
- is thienyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, which may carry one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy on the thienyl ring, or
- is pyrazolyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, which may carry one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy on the pyrazole ring.
- 7. A benzamidoxime of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where R<sub>p</sub><sup>3</sup> are one or two identical or different radicals from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxyalkoxy.

n,

- 8. A benzamidoxime of the formula I as claimed in claim 7 where  $R_p^3$  are hydrogen or  $C_1-C_4$ -alkyl.
- 9. A benzamidoxime of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 where: 5
  - A is an aryl or hetaryl radical from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl and thienyl;
  - Y is a carbon;

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 $R_n^1$  are one to five identical or different radicals from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxyalkoxy;

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 $R^2$  is phenyl- $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, which may carry one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy on the phenyl ring, or

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is thienyl- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, which may carry one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy on the thienyl ring, or

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is pyrazolyl- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, which may carry one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy on the pyrazole ring,

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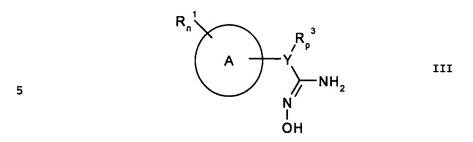
R<sub>p</sub><sup>3</sup> are one or two identical or different radicals from the group consisting of: hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxyalkoxy;

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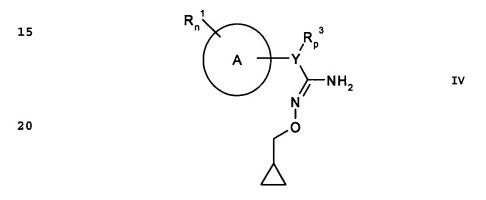
- n is 0-5;
- p is 0-2.

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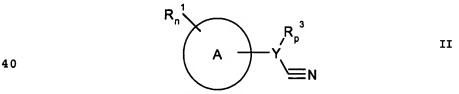
- p is 0-2.
- 10. The use of amidoximes of the formula III  $\lambda$



- where  $R_n^1$  and  $R_p^3$  are as defined in claim 1, for preparing amidoxime derivatives of the formula I.
  - 11. An amidoxime derivative of the formula IV

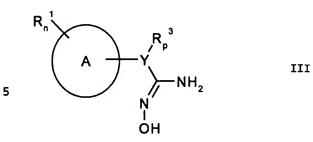


- where  $R_n^{1}$  and  $R_p^{3}$  are as defined in claim 1.
  - 12. The use of compounds of the formula IV as claimed in claim 11 for preparing benzamidoxime derivatives of the formula I.
- 30 13. The use of the benzamidoxime derivatives of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 for controlling harmful fungi.
- 14. A process for preparing the benzamidoxime derivatives of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, which comprises reacting benzonitriles of the formula II

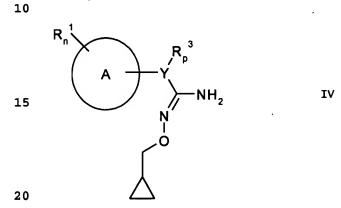


with hydroxylamine or salts thereof in aqueous solution, preferably at a pH greater than 8, to give benzamidoximes of the formula III

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which are then alkylated using a cyclopropylmethyl halide to give benzamidoximes of the formula IV



which are subsequently converted, using an appropriate acyl halide, into benzamidoxime derivatives of the formula I.

- 15. An agrochemical composition, comprising a fungicidally effective amount of at least one benzamidoxime derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 and, if appropriate, agriculturally utilizable auxiliaries or additives.
- 16. A method for controlling harmful fungi, which comprises
  treating the harmful fungi, their habitat or the plants,
  areas, materials or spaces to be kept free from them with a
  fungicidally effective amount of a compound of the formula I
  or a fungicidal composition comprising a benzamidoxime
  derivative of the formula I as claimed in claim 16.

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